## ERRATUM: HARMONIC WAVES ON AN ABRUPT TRANSITION [Int. J. Of Geomate. Vol 15, Issue 51 (2018), page 60-68]

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There was an error during the last review process, in section 2 Progressive Model. The error is in sentence "...where are the wave period and h is the water depth?..". The sentence should be written as ".. where  $T_p$  is the wave period and h is the water depth.."

Part of section 2 can be rewritten as,

## 2. PROGRESSIVE MODEL

This section focuses on waves that are reflected and transmitted once. Figure 1 shows the geometry of the depth transition region. The fluid domain is divided into Regions 1 and 2, as shown. The incoming wave  $H_i$  will be assumed to propagate in the positive x-direction. At the vertical step, located at  $x = x_1$ , a portion of the wave will be reflected, and the remainder is transmitted.

By assuming linear superposition, the wave in Fig.1 is described as follows:

$$\eta_1 = \eta_i + \eta_{r1} = \frac{H_i}{2} \cos(k_1 x - \omega t + \varepsilon_i) + \frac{H_{r1}}{2} \cos(k_1 x + \omega t + \varepsilon_{r1}) \text{ at } x < x_1$$

$$\eta_2 = \eta_{t1} = \frac{H_{t1}}{2} \cos(k_2 x - \omega t + \varepsilon_{t1}), x \ge x_1$$

$$(1)$$

where  $\eta_i$ ,  $\eta_{t1}$ , and  $\eta_{r1}$  are the incident, transmitted, and reflected waves, respectively.  $\varepsilon_i$ ,  $\varepsilon_{t1}$ , and  $\varepsilon_{r1}$  are the corresponding wave phases. The phases are referenced to the incident wave, whose phase is set to zero.  $k_1$  and  $k_2$  are the wave numbers before and after the step at  $x=x_1$ . The wave numbers are calculated using the long-wave dispersion condition as follows:

$$k_i = \frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{gh_i} \ T_p} \tag{2}$$

where  $T_p$  is the wave period and h is the water depth. There are four unknowns:  $H_{t1}$ ,  $H_{r1}$ ,  $\varepsilon_{t1}$ , and  $\varepsilon_{r1}$ . The matching boundary conditions at the location of the step as shown in Fig.1 could be imposed. The first condition is that the free surface is continuous at  $x = x_1$ 

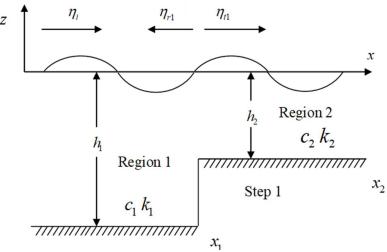


Fig.1 Elevation of a section of one-step abrupt transition.

The author sincerely regrets this error.